Federal credit union of any administrative functions performed on behalf of the vendor. The Federal credit union must be able to justify this amount using standard accounting procedures.

- (b) A Federal credit union may be reimbursed or compensated by a vendor for activities performed under §721.1 as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided by applicable state insurance law, reimbursement or compensation is not limited with respect to insurance sales by the credit union or its employees which are directly related to an extension of credit by the credit union or directly related to the opening or maintenance of a share, share draft or share certificate account at the credit union;
- (2) For insurance sales other than those described in paragraph (b)(1), a Federal credit union may receive an amount not exceeding the greater of the dollar amount or the cost amount;
- (3) For group purchasing plans other than insurance, a Federal credit union may receive an amount not exceeding the cost amount.
- (c) No director, committee member, or senior management employee of a Federal credit union or any immediate family member of any such individual may receive any compensation or benefit, directly or indirectly, in conjunction with any activity under this part. For purposes of this section, immediate family member means a spouse or other family member living in the same household; and senior management employee means the credit union's chief executive officer (typically this individual holds the title of President or Treasurer/Manager), any chief executive officers (e.g., Assistant President, Vice President or Assistant Treasurer/Manager) and the chief financial officer (Comptroller).
- (d) The prohibition contained in paragraph (c) of this section also applies to any employee not otherwise covered if the employee is directly involved in insurance or group purchasing activities unless the board of directors determines that the employee's involvement does not present a conflict of interest.
- (e) All transactions with business associates or family members not specifically prohibited by paragraph (c) of

this section must be conducted at arm's length and in the interest of the credit union.

[50 FR 16464, Apr. 26, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 43571, Nov. 13, 1987]

PART 722—APPRAISALS

Sec.

722.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.

722.2 Definitions.

722.3 Appraisals required; transactions requiring a State certified or licensed appraiser.

722.4 Minimum appraisal standards.

722.5 Appraiser independence.

722.6 Professional association membership; competency.

722.7 Enforcement.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1766, 1789 and 3339.

SOURCE: 55 FR 30207, July 25, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

§722.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.

- (a) Authority. Part 722 is issued by the National Credit Union Administration ("NCUA") under title XI of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 ("FIRREA") (Pub. L. 101-73, 103 Stat. 183, 1989) and 12 U.S.C. 1757 and 1766.
- (b) Purpose and scope. (1) Title XI provides protection for federal financial and public policy interests in real estate-related transactions by requiring real estate appraisals used in connection with federally related transactions to be performed in writing, in accordance with uniform standards, by appraisers whose competency has been demonstrated and whose professional conduct will be subject to effective supervision. This part implements the requirements of title XI and applies to all federally related transactions entered into by the National Credit Union Administration or by federally insured credit unions ("regulated institutions").
- (2) This part: (i) Identifies which real estate-related financial transactions require the services of an appraiser;
- (ii) Prescribes which categories of federally related transactions shall be appraised by a state-certified appraiser and which by a state-licensed appraiser; and

§ 722.2

(iii) Prescribes minimum standards for the performance of real estate appraisals in connection with federally related transactions under the jurisdiction of the National Credit Union Administration.

§722.2 Definitions.

- (a) Appraisal means a written statement independently and impartially prepared by a qualified appraiser setting forth an opinion as to the market value of an adequately-described property as of a specific date(s), supported by the presentation and analysis of relevant market information.
- (b) Appraisal Foundation means the Appraisal Foundation established on November 30, 1987, as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of Illinois.
- (c) Appraisal Subcommittee means the Appraisal Subcommittee of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council.
- (d) Complex 1- to 4-family residential property appraisal means one in which the property to be appraised, the form of ownership or market conditions are atypical
- (e) Federally related transaction means any real estate-related financial transaction entered into on or after August 9, 1990 that:
- (1) The National Credit Union Administration, or any federally insured credit union, engages in or contracts for; and
- (2) Requires the services of an appraiser.
- (f) Market value means the most probable price which a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. Implicit in this definition is the consummation of a sale as of a specified date and the passing of title from seller to buyer under conditions whereby:
- (1) Buyer and seller are typically motivated;
- (2) Both parties are well informed or well advised; and acting in what they consider their own best interests:
- (3) A reasonable time is allowed for exposure in the open market;

- (4) Payment is made in terms of cash in U.S. dollars or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto; and
- (5) The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.
- (g) Real estate or real property means an identified parcel or tract of land, including easements, rights of way, undivided or future interests and similar rights in a parcel or tract of land, but does not include mineral rights, timber rights, and growing crops, water rights and similar interests severable from the land when the transaction does not involve the associated parcel or tract of land.
- (h) Real estate-related financial transaction means any transaction involving:
- (1) The sale, lease, purchase, investment in or exchange of real property, including interests in property, or the financing thereof; or
- (2) The refinancing of real property or interests in real property; or
- (3) The use of real property or interests in property as security for a loan or investment, including mortgage-backed securities.
- (i) State-certified appraiser means any individual who has satisfied the requirements for certification in a state or territory whose criteria for certification as a real estate appraiser currently meet the minimum criteria for certification issued by the Appraiser Qualification Board of the Appraisal Foundation. No individual shall be a state-certified appraiser unless such individual has achieved a passing grade upon a suitable examination administered by a state or territory that is consistent with and eqivalent to the Uniform State Certification Examination issued or endorsed by the Appraiser Qualification Board. In addition, the Appraisal Subcommittee must not have issued a finding that the policies, practices, or procedures of a state or territory are inconsistent with title XI of FIRREA. The National Credit Union Administration may, from time to time, impose additional qualification criteria for certified appraisers performing appraisals in connection